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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/599,304	04/25/2008	George V. Franks	051793.0001.PCUS02	6734
	7590 04/06/201 SHUGHART PC	EXAMINER		
700 W. 47TH S		HRUSKOCI, PETER A		
SUITE 1000 KANSAS CITY	Y, MO 64112-1802		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1776	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/06/2011	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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uspt@polsinelli.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/599,304	FRANKS ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	/Peter A. Hruskoci/	1776		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Fe 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 66-103 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 66-103 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) \square objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/1/07 and 1/25/11.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite		

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The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: In the specification on page 9 line 18 "hydroxyethy" should be changed to - hydroxyethyl -; on page 13 line 34 "sulfanate" and "polysulfanamide" should be changed to - sulfonate - and - polysulfonamide -; and on page 15 line 22 "ethelyne" should be changed to - ethylene -.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 66-103 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claims 66 and 67 "conditioned state", in claim 70 "may be", in claim 79 "maybe", in claim 88 "other polymers", "such as" and "other related", in claim 93 "similar groups", and in claim 100 "Pluronics" are vague and indefinite because it is unclear how these terms further limit the claims. In claim 82 "sulfanate" and "polysulfanamide", in claim 88 "hydroxyethl", and in claim 102 "polyethelyne" are erroneous, and should be changed to – sulfonate -, - polysulfonamide -, - hydroxyethyl – and – polyethylene -, respectively. In claim 66 "the condition", in claim 67 "the consolidation", and in claim 74 "the light stimulus" lack clear antecedent basis. Claims 66 and 67 are considered incomplete because it is essential the instant methods include steps for forming a solids-rich phase and liquids-rich phase, and for separating the solids-rich phase from the liquids-rich phase. Claim 90 is considered incomplete because it is essential the chemical additive be utilized with a specific wavelength of light.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 66-75, 77-85, 96, and 103 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weiss et al. 4,279,756. Weiss et al. disclose (see col. 3 line 17 through col. 8 line 25) a method of controlling a suspension or a bed of solid particles substantially as claimed. The claims differ from Weiss et al. by reciting that the methods include applying one or stimuli to the suspension or bed to control inter-particle forces between solid particles. It is submitted that the addition of the coagulant/adsorbent, caustic soda, polyelectrolytes, and natural polymeric flocculants in Weiss et al. would appear to apply a stimuli including a change in pH, that is patentably indistinguishable from the stimuli applied in the instant claims. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the method of Weiss et al. by applying the recited stimuli, to aid in removing the solid particles from the suspension. With regard to claim 73, it is submitted that the method of Weiss et al. appears to be capable of operating with substantially visible light. With regard to claims 83-85, it is submitted that the teachings of Weiss et al. as applied above, include the use of acrylic acid polymers and polysaccharides such as starch, respectively.

Claims 86-89 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weiss et al. 4,279,756 as above, and further in view of Guillet et al. 4,536,294. The claims differ from Weiss et al. by reciting that the methods include the use of specific temperature-sensitive polymers. Guillet et al. disclose (see col. 2 line 19 through col. 6 line 27, and Example 16) that it is known in the art to utilize the recited polymers, to aid in flocculating clay fines and settling the flocculated clay fines from aqueous suspensions. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the

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art to modify the method of Weiss et al. by utilizing the recited polymers in view of the teachings of Guillet et al., to aid in removing the solid particles from the suspension.

Claims 97-102 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weiss et al. 4,279,756 as above, and further in view of Lissant 3,194,758. The claims differ from Weiss et al. by reciting that the methods include the use of specific copolymers. Lissant disclose (see col. 1 line 23 through col. 2 line 65, and col. 9 line 1 through col. 10 line 19) that it is known in the art to utilize the recited copolymers, to aid in agglomerating solids and settling the agglomerated solids from aqueous suspensions. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the method of Weiss et al. by utilizing the recited copolymers in view of the teachings of Lissant, to aid in removing the solid particles from the suspension. The specific block or comb copolymers utilized, would have been an obvious matter of process optimization to one skilled in the art, depending on the specific suspension or bed treated and results desired, absent a sufficient showing of unexpected results.

Claims 66 and 67 properly written to overcome the above 35 USC 112 rejections and to include claim 90, would be allowable.

The restriction requirement dated 8/30/10 has been withdrawn in view of applicants' Remarks and the traverse dated 2/23/11.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to /Peter A. Hruskoci/ whose telephone number is (571) 272-1160. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Duane Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1166. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Peter A. Hruskoci/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1776

3/31/11